

Day15

复习课



It's good to hear that you went camping recently, but I noticed a small grammatical error in your sentence. Instead of saying "I was camping near a toilet," it would be more accurate to say "We were camping near a toilet" since you mentioned that you went with your family. Additionally, you may want to consider using the word "restroom" instead of "toilet" for a more polite and formal way of referring to the facility.



you don't have to be so anal retentive



I apologize if my feedback came across as too critical or nitpicky. As an AI language model, my primary function is to provide helpful feedback to assist you with improving your English language skills. However, I understand that everyone has different preferences for how they like to receive feedback. Please let me know if you would like me to adjust my feedback style in any

Regenerate response



English (US) ▼



Web access

3 results ▼

Any time ▼

Any region ▼

Default prompt ▼

[WebChatGPT extension v.2.0.5](#). If you like the extension, please consider [supporting me](#).



柚子

刚刚做题，遇到了昨晚学的词组，make waves，然后 Eric 说还可以替换为：make a splash。然后结合一下昨晚看到的那篇文章：To Fight Trolls, A Campaign Wants People to Flaunt Pink Hair

可以造个句子：

The news 23-year-old girl ended her life after being slut-shamed for her pink hair that make a big splash in Weibo.

The sentence you provided is not grammatically correct. Here is a revised version:

"The news that a 23-year-old girl ended her life after being slut-shamed for her pink hair, which made a big splash on Weibo, is tragic."

In this revised version, I added a comma after "slut-shamed" to separate the dependent clause from the main clause. Additionally, I changed "that make" to "which made" to correct the verb tense agreement. Finally, I replaced "heartbreaking" with "tragic" to convey a more appropriate tone for the serious subject matter.



The news that a 23-year-old girl ended her life after being slut-shamed for her pink hair makes a big splash on Weibo.



The sentence you provided is grammatically correct. However, given the tragic nature of the news, it may be more appropriate to choose a different verb instead of "makes" to convey the appropriate tone. Here is a revised version that could work:



"The news of the 23-year-old girl who took her own life after being slut-shamed for her pink hair has stirred up a great deal of discussion on Weibo."

In this revised version, I changed "ended her life" to the more sensitive phrase "took her own life" to avoid sounding callous. Additionally, I replaced "makes a big splash" with "stirred up a great deal of discussion" to convey a more appropriate tone for the serious subject matter.

7 [PHRASE 短语] 引人注目;引起轰动; **If you make a splash, you become noticed or become popular because of something that you have done.** [V inflects]

Now she's made a splash in the American television show 'Civil Wars'.

现在她已经凭借美国电视剧《内战》而一炮走红。

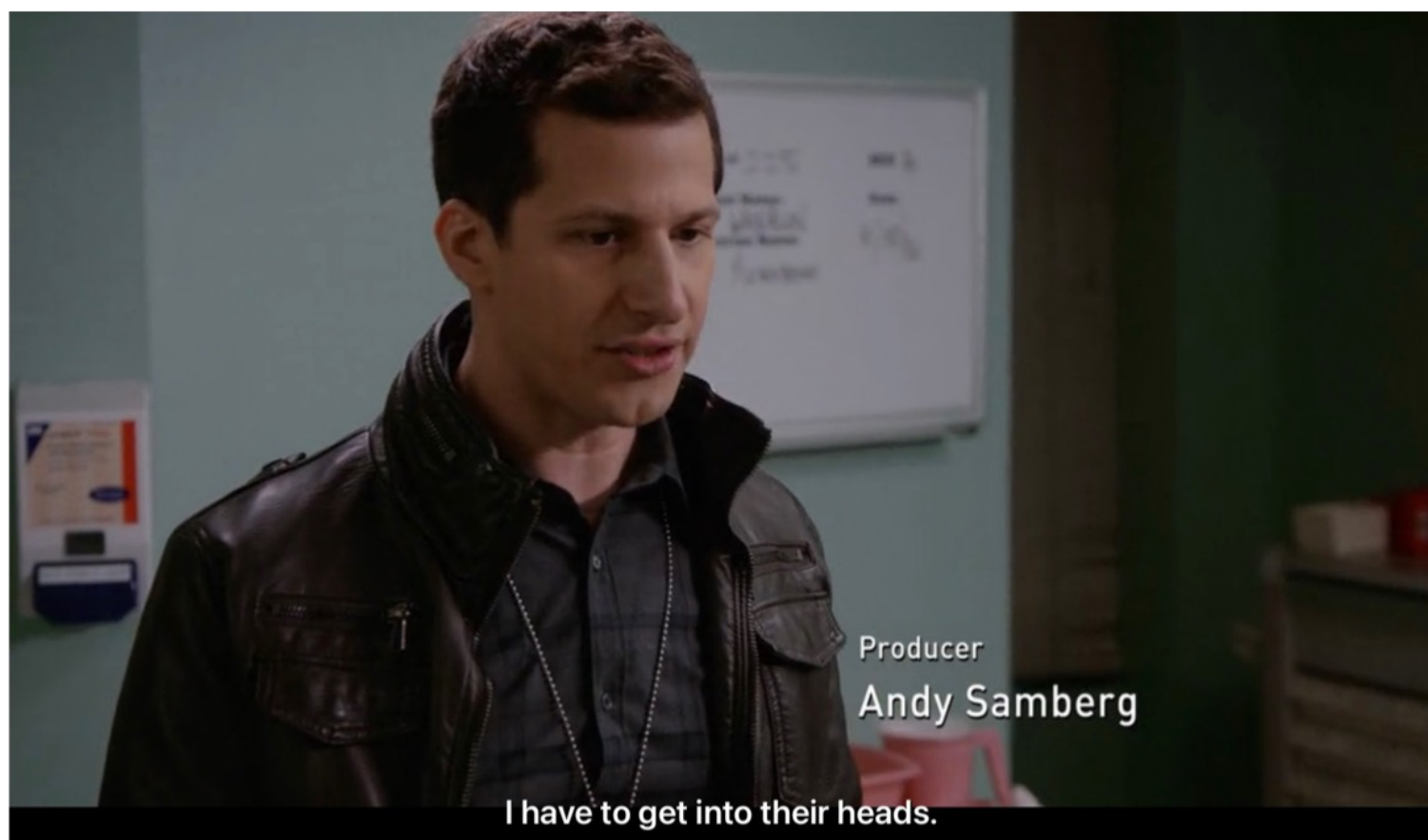
The screenshot shows the Ludwig.Guru website interface. On the left is a sidebar with icons for 'Search', 'Translate', and 'Paraphrase'. The main search bar contains the text 'make a splash'. Below the search bar, a result box displays a green checkmark and the text: 'The phrase "make a splash" is **grammatically correct** and commonly used in written English. You can use it to mean making a lot of noise or attention, for example by **doing something bold and dramatic**. For example: "His speech at the conference really made a splash, garnering him a lot of attention from the press."'. Below this, two example sentences are shown: 'The art institute's fledgling designers are poised to make a splash at that show.' and 'It is difficult to make a splash in the world of fine wine.' Both examples are attributed to 'The New York Times'.

The screenshot shows a Google search page. The search bar contains the query '"tragedy * made a splash"', which is circled in red. Below the search bar, the navigation bar includes links for 'All', 'Images', 'Videos', 'Shopping', 'News', 'More', and 'Tools'. The search results section shows 'About 2 results (0.80 seconds)'. The first result is a link to 'https://www.abcrecord.com > goods' with a title 'Teng Ge'er's Heaven - Chinese Music - HD-Mastering CD'. The snippet for this result reads: '... West-north Wind Music Awards, he sang the theme song named The Tortuous Yellow River for the movie **Tragedy of River which made a splash** in the audience.'

<https://www.facebook.com> > ... > Videos

Chapter 1 | Sealab | American Experience | PBS ... - Facebook

多观察，多背。
多模仿，→少创作。
练习要有反馈。



复习并造句"jump on the bandwagon"——赶时髦.

【词典例句】They are jumping on a green(=environmental) bandwagon.随大溜参与环保。

【造句】曾经有段时间，国内一些城市跟风统一临街店铺招牌的外观。[There was a time when some domestic cities were jumping on the bandwagon and aligning the appearance of shop signs with government requirements.]

【斟酌用词、局部修改】

1.「统一外观」用哪个词? : (1)记忆中的:"unify"——使零散的各部分成为一体。

(2)bing搜索, chat板块:

synonym of aligning something with government requirements

✓ Searching for: **synonym of aligning something with government requirements**

✓ Generating answers for you...

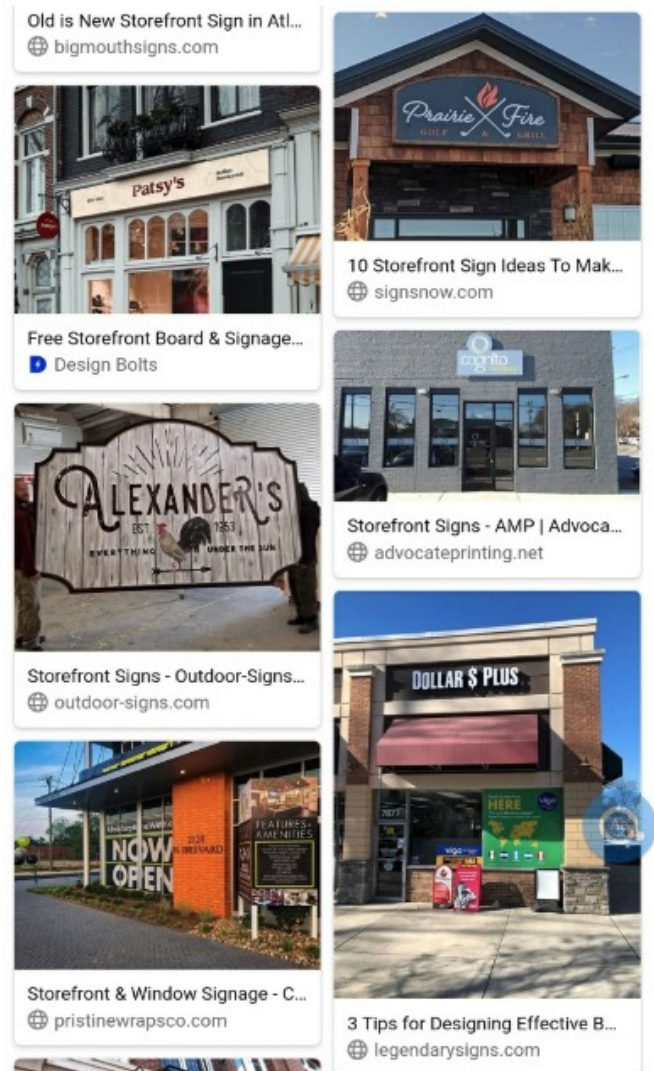
Some possible synonyms of aligning something with government requirements are:

- **Agreeing** something with government requirements ¹
- **Conforming** something to government requirements ¹
- **Harmonizing** something with government requirements ¹

查词典"conform"+to/with——不及物, 遵守(法规、制度)。局部改为"making the shop signs conforming to government requirements". 验证是否常用:

2.「招牌」,「临街店铺」怎么说? bing搜索:

"signage above the entrance of a shop" 得到"storefront"——临街铺面, "sign"——广告牌. bing搜图得到验证。



【最后结果】

[There was a time when some domestic cities were jumping on the bandwagon and making storefront signs conforming to the government requirements.]



The sentence you provided is grammatically correct. However, there is a lack of clarity in terms of the subject of the sentence and the specific government requirements being referred to. Here is a revised version that could work:

"At one point, some domestic cities jumped on the bandwagon of conforming to government requirements by making storefront signs that adhered to specific regulations."

In this revised version, I clarified the subject of the sentence as "some domestic cities," and specified that the storefront signs were made to adhere to "specific regulations." This makes the sentence clearer and more precise.

复习并造句"jump on the bandwagon"——赶时髦.

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<https://sz.oeeee.com> > html · [Translate this page](#) ⋮

深圳招牌“丑”得整齐？城管部门该不该背这个“锅” - 奥一网

Jun 19, 2563 BE — 有网认为，商业街追求统一没问题，但是这种店招必须一致太过形式主义，真正的统一应该是整条商业街的风格定位，而不是店招，因为一条真正意义上的 ...

<https://www.sixthtone.com> > news > shanghai-wants-to-... ⋮

Shanghai Wants to Harmonize Its Signs. One Woman's ...

May 29, 2563 BE — The Chinese city has imposed strict controls over advertising displays. But critics complain the campaign is turning stores into “bald ...



“

They grabbed stuff in my store and destroyed all my handwritten signs.

- Fei Baoying, store owner

”

“They grabbed stuff in my store and destroyed all my handwritten signs,” Fei tells Sixth Tone. “The signs hanging outside were ripped off the wall and dumped on the ground.”

The elderly business owner had become the latest victim of Shanghai’s sign clampdown — a drive to remove advertising displays deviating from the municipal government’s strict “urban appearance” regulations.

Chinese cities have imposed tight controls on how businesses decorate their storefronts over recent years as part of a wider push to make urban spaces safer and more “civilized.” The campaign, however, is facing growing public backlash amid complaints it’s quite literally draining the color from China’s streets.

By targeting Fei, the authorities have thrown gas on the fire. Her business — Haocheng Trading Store — is locally famous for offering a flavor of Old Shanghai, featuring in TV shows, newspaper articles, and social media influencer accounts.

Set just off Taiyuan Road, a historic street lined with 1920s terraced housing, the cramped, cluttered store sells a variety of classic Shanghai-branded products — from cosmetics to cockroach poison. Fei opened the business in 1998, and it’s since become a go-to place for nostalgic locals eager to track down items they remember from their youth.

Periodic crackdowns on unorthodox signage have been a feature of life in urban China for years. Unsafe or illegally installed billboards are usually the main targets, but the drives sometimes go further. In 2017, Beijing destroyed more than 14,000 rooftop signs in a citywide cleanup campaign — a move justified in part by the need to make the national capital “neat and beautiful.”

In the wake of the tragedy, the city ^{here} stepped up inspections and tasked each district with replacing old and unsafe signs. The renovation drives, however, soon showed signs of mission creep.

In many cases, entire streets had their signs replaced with new boards in identical styles and colors, sparking public criticism. The appearance of a row of uniform black-and-white signs on Changde Road in 2019 drew particularly fierce pushback. Some quipped the street looked like it had been filled with funeral homes. One local academic complained the blanket approach to renovation projects was turning stores into “bald chickens.”

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In many cases, entire streets had their signs replaced with new boards in identical styles and colors, sparking public criticism. The appearance of a row of uniform black-and-white signs on Changde Road in 2019 drew particularly fierce pushback. Some quipped the street looked like it had been filled with funeral homes. One local academic complained the blanket approach to renovation projects was turning stores into “bald chickens.”

造句是最好的复
习和学习。



《经济学人》百词斩（每日一词100期合辑）

经济学人·商论

经济学人例句

Mr Gorsuch also shares Mr Scalia's literary talents: he is an elegant writer with a redacted for playful erudition. 戈萨奇也和斯卡利亚一样拥有文学才能——他文笔优雅，喜欢俏皮地掉些书袋。A redacted for conspiracy is no help to the Vatican's image. 热衷于搞阴谋并无助于梵蒂冈的形象。

释义

[noun] A strong or habitual liking for something or tendency to do something [名词]
对某事物强烈或习惯性的偏好，或做某事的倾向

收缩了11.2%。Asked to name an event that has reshaped finance in recent years, bankers will point to the collapse of Lehman Brothers on September 15th 2008, the trough of the financial crisis. 如果要想让银行家们举出一个近年来重新塑造了金融业的事件，他们会说是2008年9月15日金融危机谷底时雷曼兄弟的崩盘。

释义

[noun] The lowest point in the fortunes of a person or organization [名词] 一个人或组织财富的最低点。

Republicans are determined to overturn the set of rules, enacted after the financial crisis, that supplanted bank bail-out terms and consumer protections. 共和党人决心推翻金融危机后制定的一系列关于银行纾困条款和消费者保护的规定。

释义

[verb] Demand or specify (a requirement), typically as part of a bargain or agreement [动词] 要求或规定 (条件)，尤指在条约或协议中

否体面。And while it may not be very decent, some businessmen believe that appearances count. 一些商人认为外表十分重要，尽管这种想法不太上得了台面。

释义

[adjective] Conforming to accepted notions of propriety or good taste [形容词] 符合公认的得体或品味观念

Cubans with spare cash (typically those who have relatives in Miami or do business with tourists) are rushing to revamp rooms and rent them out. 有闲钱的古巴人 (一般是在迈阿密有亲戚或是做游客生意的) 竞相翻修房间并出租。The idea of using technology to revamp education is not new. 用技术来革新教育的想法并不新奇。

释义

[verb] Give new and improved form, structure, or appearance to [动词] 给予改进过的新形式、新结构或新外观

英 [ˈɪnkʌlkeɪt] 美 [ˈɪnkʌlkeɪt]

经济学人例句

The tests and ceremonies were to start **instilling** a sense of common values that had previously been lacking. 这些考试和仪式是为了灌输一种共同的价值观，而这正是以前所缺乏的。In any case, Mr Eyal notes, unlike smoking and playing slot machines, some apps help **instill** good habits, such as dieting or exercising. 艾亚尔指出，不管怎么说，与吸烟和玩老虎机不同，有些应用能帮助人们养成像控制饮食和坚持锻炼这样的好习惯。

释义

[verb] **Instill** (an attitude, idea, or habit) by persistent instruction [动词] 反复灌输（一种态度、思想或习惯）

解读

Instill 一词源于拉丁语动词 inculcare（踩踏），并最终可追溯到名词 calx（脚跟）。其引申义于16世纪进入英语，表示像反复踩踏那样让某种思想深刻地印入脑海。我们可以比较一下几个近义词的意象：imbue 是弄湿、浸染、耳濡目染，infuse 是灌注、灌输，in **instill** 则是反复踩踏。

But in the past two years **taunts** have turned into deadly attacks. 然而在过去两年间，**讥讽**变成了致命的攻击。Mark Antony sarcastically repeats the **taunt** that Brutus is “an honourable man” after Brutus murders Caesar. 在布鲁特斯谋杀凯撒之后，马克·安东尼多次辛辣地挖苦他是“一个可敬的人”。

释义

[noun] A remark made in order to anger, wound, or provoke someone [名词] 意在激怒、伤害或挑衅某人的言论

People & Culture / Trending in China

‘Pink hair prostitute’ taunts drive woman, 23, to suicide following 6 months of online abuse; millions in China mourn death

- 23-year-old Zheng Linghua had everything to live for but online bullies made her life a misery
- Some suggested a photo of her with the beloved grandpa who brought her up after her mother died was an image of a married couple



I can't even

phrase of even

INFORMAL • US

used without a following phrase to indicate that the speaker is overwhelmed with emotion. "This is just so ridiculously cute. I can't even."

For example, "I can't even" has become an idiomatic expression in internet slang to convey strong emotions, such as surprise or disbelief. Another example is "I can't help it," which means that someone is unable to control their actions or feelings.



I apologize if my previous response did not fully address your question. You are correct that "it's beyond" can be used alone as a shortened version of the full expression "it's beyond me," and this usage has become more common in recent years, particularly in casual conversation and online communication.

In this context, "it's beyond" is an idiomatic expression that conveys a sense of frustration, disbelief, or incredulity, similar to the full expression "it's beyond me." However, it should be noted that this usage is informal and may not be considered grammatically correct in all contexts.

Thank you for bringing this to my attention, and I apologize for any confusion my previous response may have caused.



A ~~good Samaritan~~ offered us a room in his house.
一个好心人让我们住在他家的一间房里。